

☐ Age 41-60 years

THROMBOSIS RISK FACTOR ASSESSMENT

EACH RISK FACTOR REPRESENTS 2 POINTS

☐ Age 60-74 years



EACH RISK FACTOR REPRESENTS 5 POINTS

☐ Elective major lower extremity

CHOOSE ALL THAT APPLY

EACH RISK FACTOR REPRESENTS 1 POINT

 □ Minor surgery planned □ History of prior major surgery (< 1 month) □ Varicose veins □ History of inflammatory bowel disease □ Swollen legs (current) □ Obesity (BMI > 25) □ Acute myocardial infarction 	☐ Arthroscopic surgery ☐ Malignancy (present or previous) ☐ Major surgery (> 45 minutes) ☐ Laparoscopic surgery (> 45 minutes) ☐ Patient confined to bed (> 72 hours) ☐ Immobilizing plaster cast (< 1 month) ☐ Central venous access	arthroplasty Hip, pelvis or leg fracture (< 1 month) Stroke (< 1 month) Multiple trauma (< 1 month) Acute spinal cord injury (paralysis) (< 1 month)
□ Congestive heart failure (<1 month) □ Sepsis (<1 month) □ Serious lung disease including pneumonia (<1 month) □ Abnormal pulmonary function (COPD) □ Medical patient currently at bed rest □ Other risk factors	EACH RISK FACTOR REPRESENTS 3 POINTS Age over 75 years History of DVT/PE Family history of thrombosis* Positive Factor V Leiden Positive Prothrombin 20210A Elevated serum homocysteine Positive lupus anticoagulant Elevated anticardiolipin antibodies Heparin-induced thrombocytopenia (HIT) Other congenital or acquired thrombophilia If yes: Type: * most frequently missed risk factor	FOR WOMEN ONLY (EACH REPRESENTS 1 POINT) □ Oral contraceptives or hormone replacement therapy □ Pregnancy or postpartum (< 1 month) □ History of unexplained stillborn infant, recurrent spontaneous abortion ≥3), premature birth with toxemia or growth-restricted infant TOTAL RISK FACTOR SCORE 2005 Caprini Risk Assessment Model Reprinted with permission from Joseph A. Caprini, MD
PATIENTS' NAME:		
AGE:	SEX:	
WEIGHT:		